

# **REPORT ON SURVEY OF YOUTH NOT IN FORMAL EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT IN MURTAZAGUDA VILLAGE**

**DATE: 25<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 2023**

**LOCATION :- MURTAZAGUDA VILLAGE,MOINABAD.**

**TOTAL PARTICIPANTS :- 35**





## **Introduction:**

This survey report aims to provide insights into the status of youth not engaged in formal education or employment in Murthuzaguda village. The purpose of the survey was to understand the reasons behind their current situation and to identify potential opportunities for their skill development and integration into the workforce.

## **Methodology:**

The survey was conducted over for 3 days, involving face-to-face interviews and questionnaires administered to 60 young individuals aged between 18 and 29 years. The participants were selected using a random sampling technique to ensure representation from various socio-economic backgrounds within the village.

## Findings:

### **1. Education Status:**

- 32% of the surveyed youth were not enrolled in any formal educational institution.
- 68% had completed secondary education, but only a small percentage had access to higher education opportunities.

### **2. Employment Status:**

- 60% of the participants were not engaged in any formal employment.
- 30% reported engaging in occasional manual labor for income.
- 28% were involved in informal, temporary work arrangements.

### **3. Reasons for Not Pursuing Education:**

- Financial constraints were cited by 62% as the primary reason for not continuing education.
- Lack of awareness about available education and training options was mentioned by 27% of participants.
- Family responsibilities and social norms were also factors discouraging education for some.

### **4. Barriers to Employment:**

- Limited job opportunities in the village were a significant barrier, affecting 59% of the surveyed youth.
- Lack of relevant skills and training for modern job requirements were identified by 41% as a hindrance.

### **5. Skills and Aspirations:**

- Many participants expressed interest in vocational training related to agriculture, handicrafts, and computer skills.
- A significant portion aspired to work in nearby towns or cities but lacked the means to relocate or secure employment there.

## Recommendations:

### **1. Vocational Training Programs:**

- Collaborate with local NGOs and government agencies to establish vocational training programs aligned with the needs of local industries and markets.

## **2. Financial Support:**

- Initiate scholarship programs or microfinance options to alleviate the financial burden of pursuing higher education.

## **3. Career Counselling:**

- Provide career guidance and counselling services to inform youth about various job opportunities and skill requirements.

## **4. Infrastructure Development:**

- Invest in basic infrastructure to attract businesses and create local employment opportunities.

## **5. Networking and Skill Development:**

- Organize workshops and seminars to enhance the employability of youth by imparting relevant skills.

## **Conclusion:**

The survey highlights the challenges faced by the youth not engaged in formal education or employment in Murtazguda village. Addressing these challenges requires a multi-pronged approach involving education, skill development, and job creation initiatives. By collaborating with local stakeholders and implementing the recommended strategies, it is possible to empower the youth and improve their prospects for a better future.