SERVICE RULES OF JBIET
These rules shall be called the Service Rules of the J.B.Institute of Engineering & Technology hereinafter referred to as Employer or Management and shall be applicable to all the employees of the organization.

1. Applicability

These rules are called Service Rules for staff of the J.B.Institute of Engineering & Technology and are applicable to all local staff including trainees, consultants, visiting staff attached permanently or temporarily engaged by the organization.

These Service Rules are an integral part of all employment contracts with the organization. All the staff are requested to familiarize themselves with the rules immediately upon appointment since their services will be governed and regulated by these rules in addition to statutory requirements besides other conditions which may be spelled out in individual appointment letters or contract of service or the settlements or the office orders.

2. Definitions:

In these rules unless there is anything repugnant to the context, the following words would have the meaning as assigned to hereunder:

i) “Employer” means J.B.Institute of Engineering & Technology
ii) “Employee” means a person employed by the employer and is a staff member of the Organization (Teaching & Non Teaching).
iii) “Management” means any such executive or any other person as may be authorized by the organization from time to time (Teaching & Non Teaching).
iv) “Salary/wages” for the purpose of these rules shall mean salary/wages as sanctioned by the Management from time to time as per cadre and scales/consolidated.
v) “Attendance” means presence of the employee concerned, at the time specified at the place or places of his duty where he is required to work by the management. If an employee is not present at his duty place or though present in such a place but refuses to carry out the work assigned to him which he is bound to do, then he shall not be treated as being present.
vi) “Habitual” means an act or omission which is repeated three times or more within a period of 12 months.
vii) “Family” means the employee, his spouse and unmarried dependant children and parents living with and wholly dependent on him.
viii) “Medical certificate” means a certificate issued by a Registered Medical Practitioner. Provided that, in case of doubt, the employer will have the right to get the employee concerned examined by a doctor appointed, nominated or approved by it.
ix) “Singular” shall include the “plural” and vice versa.
x) “Masculine” shall include the “feminine” and vice versa.
3. Recruitment & Selection process

3.1 The positions of faculty members will be filled up through an open selection process. Initially JBIET Selection Committee will select candidate on the basis of competence, knowledge, skill, attitude and values required for profession and place them on probation. Subsequently the faculty will be interviewed by the Staff Selection Committee approved by JNT University to appoint by confirmation on permanent basis. The post of senior lecturers & Lecturers (Selection grade) and Associate Professors shall be filled by upgradation from the lower cadre as per AICTE norms.

3.2 Faculty Cadre

The faculty structure will be as follows:
(i) Lecturer / Senior Lecturers / Senior Lecturers (Selection grade)
(ii) Asst. Professors
(iii) Professor
(iv) Principal

3.3 Qualifications, Experience & Pay scales

As prescribed by AICTE from time to time, for teaching staff and as per scales and qualifications to be announced soon by the Management for non-teaching staff.

4. Classification of employees

Employees shall be classified into any of the following categories:

4.1 On contract

Which means the tenure of employment for a specified period of time and the employee is entitled to only the benefits specified in the contract of appointment subject to the prior approval of Management. Such contract employee shall not have any right to claim permanency or regularization of his employment in the organization after the expiry of the specified period. Unless terminated earlier by one month’s notice or pay in lieu thereof, such appointment will automatically come to an end at the expiry of the specified period and no notice or any compensation will be payable. On expiry of the contract period, the management can continue employment on contract at their pleasure for an extended period of contract. The employee will have to sign a letter of contract, the tenure of which may be one year or more, as decided by the Management.

4.2 Temporary

A temporary employee will include the following:

(a) A person who is appointed for a limited period mentioned in the appointment letter; or
(b) A person who is appointed for work of an essentially temporary nature not intended to be carried on a permanent basis; or
(c) A person employed in connection with the temporary increase in work of a permanent nature or
(d) A person employed to work provisionally for a limited period in a post till permanent arrangements for filling that post are made.
(e) A person who is not yet regularized by the appropriate selection Agency (with a Basic in the scale and fixed allowances if any).
4.3 Permanent

The Permanent employee is one who is employed against a permanent post on permanent basis, which includes a probationary employee who has satisfactorily completed probationary period to the entire satisfaction of the Management, and who has been confirmed by an order in writing after regularization by the concerned selection Agency with Basic, DA & HRA as per AICTE norms or as per prescribed scales.

4.4 Probationer

Probationer is an employee who is provisionally employed for a permanent post, declared as probationary by the Management and has not completed one year on the post. The probationary period of one year may be extended further at the sole discretion of the employer or may be dispensed with earlier either during the initial probation or the extended period of probation. After the original probationary period or subsequently extended probationary period, as the case may be, the Management shall issue an order to the employee in writing either extending the period of probation or terminating his service. Unless confirmed in writing, the employee will be deemed as a probationer after expiry of earlier initial or extended period of probation. Provided further, that if a permanent employee is employed as a probationer on any other post, he may at any time be reverted back to his substantive/original post, during or after the probationary period, and an order in writing to this effect will be given to the concerned employee. In the absence of issue of orders of completion of probation employee will be deemed to have become a regular employee after a lapse of one year since the completion of the period of probation.

4.5 Casual

Casual means the employee who is employed to fulfill unexpected requirement due to unusual or seasonal pressure of work or for work, which is of an occasional or casual nature. The employee’s wages are fixed on daily or “hourly” basis, and the employee is not entitled to leave or any other benefits of any kind as available to permanent employees.

4.6 Part time

A part time employee means an employee who is employed for work for less than the normal period of working hours. Part-time employees are not ordinarily entitled to the benefits provided to full time employees. They shall be entitled to such benefits as are determined by the Management.

4.7 Visiting

In view of the paucity of Teachers in specialized subjects, in order to cater to instructional requirements, visiting faculty will be appointed, on agreeable terms.

**Guest Lectures**: For the benefit of the 3rd and final year and PG students, Guest lectures from eminent people having high profile will be arranged.
5. Employment

(i) The candidates selected for appointment, promotion and confirmation of appointment shall be issued an order in writing specifying the terms, as the case may be, and signed by the Management.

(ii) All appointments in the permanent post shall be on probation for a period of one year unless or otherwise specified. This period may be extended further at the discretion of the Management. On satisfactory completion of the period of probation; the Management may confirm the employee. However, no employee is entitled to be confirmed or treated as permanent employee by reason of his having completed either initial or extended probationary period until confirmation order is given in writing by the Management, or a lapse of one year period since the completion of probation period in the absence of written orders of declaration of probation.

(iii) During the probation period either party may terminate the contract at any point of time. No notice is due by either party. The employer is obliged to pay only for the days actually worked to be calculated according to the agreed salary.

6. Salary, increment and revision in grade or salary scale

(i) Salary reviews are done, based on performance/increments in the scale, increments will be awarded on 1st July annually.

(ii) The cost of living review is calculated on 1 July every year as the average of the official government inflation figure and the Government Retail Price Index depending upon the past performance of an employee and the prosperity of the organization.

(iii) Irrespective of the fact whether any scales of pay and increments have been prescribed or not, the Employer, on account of recession or other sufficient reason, reserves the right to suspend, or postpone the increment to which an employee may be entitled in accordance with the grade in respect of individual cases/categories of employee. However, if the employee concerned is not agreeable to such action he will have the option to retire after the lapse of notice period as provided in these Rules.

7. Promotion: Every post is a selection post for teaching staff, as per AICTE norms. Rules of Promotion will be announced soon by the Management for non-teaching staff.

8. Transfer

Every employee is liable to be transferred from one post to another, one job to another, from one department to another without, however, affecting the total amount of salary payable to the employee, inclusive of incentive etc. The employee is also to be transferred at any time to any other organization, establishment, branch office, sister organization or subsidiary establishment owned/controlled by the Management whether in existence at present or to be started or taken over or acquired at a later date, at any place in India or abroad.

9. Record of age/identity/qualifications / Address

Every employee will be required to declare his age and produce original birth certificate or school leaving certificate or Matriculation certificate in support. Once the date of birth is recorded, it will not be permitted to be altered/changed. In case of doubt, the appointing authority shall establish the age of the employee, which shall be final and conclusive for all-purpose concerning his employment including retirement. Proof of qualifications have to be produced at the time of joining. Improvement in qualifications have to be furnished by the employee in writing with proof as and when acquired. Permanent and contact addresses, Phone numbers, E-mail addresses, Fax. No. are to be furnished by the employee on joining duty.
10. Change of address, Phone Numbers etc.

All employees shall notify the Administration/Personnel or the appropriate department immediately if any change in their local/permanent address Phone numbers take place, but not later than 3 days of such a change. A communication forwarded by the Management to the recorded address shall be regarded as sufficient compliance of the purpose for which the communication is addressed.

10. Leave entitlement

10.1 Leave rules in general

All leaves will be allowed to employees subject to the exigencies of work.

(i) Leave is not a matter of right.
(ii) Any employee who desires to obtain leave shall apply to the Employer in writing.
(iii) Application for leave of absence for duration of less than three days must be made at least 2(two) working days prior to the time from which leave is required, except on compassionate grounds.
(iv) Application for leave of absence for a duration of more than 3 days to one week shall be made at least 7 days in advance from the date from which the leave is required.
(v) A record shall be maintained of all leave of absence, which is sanctioned, in the name of each employee. Long absence for valid reasons should be got approved by the management in writing.
(vi) An employee who absents himself without prior permission or overstays leave (including Sunday and holiday) beyond the period of leave originally granted or subsequently extended by eight consecutive days will be deemed to have lost his lien on his employment. Taking of such employee in service is left to the discretion of the management.
(vii) Any employee suffering from a contagious or infectious disease shall, on the advice of a doctor nominated by the Management be sent on compulsory leave. If any leave is due to him under these Service Rules, the same shall be adjusted, and if no leave is due, the compulsory leave shall be treated as leave without pay.
(viii) Mere submission of application of leave or applying for its extension will not be deemed that leave has been sanctioned.
(ix) Alternative arrangements for the employees work during his absence regarding class work, administrative work or additional duties, have to be made and indicated in writing when ever goes on leave. The alternative work is to be carried out by the person who gives his consent for the arrangements.

10.2 Casual leave

An employee is eligible for 12 days of casual leave in a Calendar year at 1 CL per month. Casual leave not used in the month can be carried over till the end of the Calendar year.

10.3 Earned leave

(a) Each employee after completion of one-year service is entitled to 12 days as earned leave per year for teaching staff and 6 days EL for non teaching staff.
(b) Leave for longer duration will be granted at times convenient to the employer as may be decided by the Management. Due consideration will be given, wherein possible, to the request of the employee.
(c) Each employee should take minimum period of 3 days leave at one time and apply one week in advance.

(d) Leave for longer duration can be refused on account of exigencies of college work. Similarly, an employee who has already proceeded on leave can be recalled on exigency.

(e) Before proceeding on leave, the employee must leave his contact address and telephone number with the employer.

(f) Two persons in the same position can take leave at a time only on ensuring that regular work does not suffer as certified by the HOD/Section.

(g) An employee must get the leave sanctioned. Mere submission of application for leave will not be deemed that the leave has been sanctioned.

(h) Alternative arrangement should be indicated and carried out during the employee’s absence.

10.4 Marriage leave & Medical leave

Leave for an employee’s own Marriage and Medical leave will be sanctioned at the discretion of the management on Recommendations from the departmental Heads and the Principal on individual merits.

10.5 Maternity leave

Maternity Leave is admissible to married female employees, with less than two surviving Children and who have completed a minimum of 3 years of service. No. of days admissible will be decided by the management depending upon whether it is a case of confinement or MTP.

10.6 Holidays

In a calendar year, employees will be entitled to 16 to 18 National/Festival holidays. Every 2nd Saturday is a holiday, unless declared as a compensatory working day in lieu of some other additional holiday that had been declared earlier.

10.7 Summer Vacation

(i) Generally for Teaching staff unless modified by the management, the Summer vacation will be of 4 weeks duration to be declared according to the university’s. (JNTU or any other university as the case may be) Academic Calendar.

(ii) Persons who have put in a service of one academic year (10 months) will be eligible for full vacation. Persons with more than 3 months service will be eligible for proportionate vacation.

(ii) For Non-Teaching staff: The vacation will be for 6 days in phases without affecting the routine work including holidays.
10.8 Career Advancement Programme:

Teaching & Non Teaching staff will be encouraged to go for acquiring additional qualifications, subject to the condition that they have successfully completed the period of probation. Condition of minimum service will be relaxed in deserving cases at the discretion of the management.

For sending the faculty members under Quality Improvement Programme (QIP) with full pay for Higher Education like Ph.D, employees who have completed 5 years service would be eligible. Since the universities (JNTU, OU, Central University) are within the city or nearby, employees prefer to study on part time basis. For such faculty members the following facilities would be extended.

a) Reduction of work load
b) Meeting the expenditure like payment of tuition fees
c) Incentives like providing reading materials, books etc.
d) Internet facilities at the college
e) Reimbursement of Internet expenses for study at home.
f) Downloading of papers online from Digital Library.
g) Borrowing of books etc from other Libraries under Delnet scheme.

11. Abandonment of service.

(j) In the event of a staff remaining absent in excess of the period of leave originally granted or subsequently extended he shall lose his/her lieu on his/her appointment unless (i) he/she returns within eight days of the expiry of the period of leave and (ii) gives satisfactory explanation to the Management, of his/her inability to return immediately after expiry of the leave period.

(2) Any Staff remaining absent without leave for a period exceeding eight days (including holidays or weekly off etc) at a stretch shall be deemed to have abandoned the service. In case an employee abandoned his/her service or is deemed to have abandoned his/her services, it shall be treated as resignation from the service of the organization. Taking back into service such an employee will be at the discretion of the Management.

12. Termination of employment

(i) Except as provided specifically in the contract of service, the Employer may terminate the services of an employee after giving one month's notice in writing or on payment of wages in lieu thereof. The Management reserves the right in requiring employee to work and not relieving him during the notice period. In case of services of temporaries/casuals, no notice is required if the service is terminated before the expiry of the period, subject to the provisions of statutes. The employer may terminate the services of an employee who is on probation without giving one month's notice or salary in lieu thereof.

(ii) The employment of a permanent employee shall be liable for termination on the following amongst other grounds.
(a) Insanity, senility, physical infirmity, contagious or infectious diseases, continued ill health, unfitness for employment with the Employer as declared by the Employer's doctor or for loss of confidence.

(b) Conviction in a criminal case.

(c) Engaging in any vocation without the written permission of the Management or found to have been working elsewhere during the period of leave, in case the employee is on full time contract with the Management.

(d) Loss of confidence by the Employer in an employee due to leakage of information or propaganda against the Management.

(e) Insolvency.

(iii) An order relating to discharge or termination of service shall be in writing and shall be signed by the Employer/Management and copy thereof shall be supplied to the employee concerned. In cases of general retrenchment on closing down of office, no such order will be given to individual employees.

(iv) If an employee intends to leave the service, he shall give one month's notice of his intention to do so in writing to the Employer or may if he wants to be relieved earlier, surrender in lieu thereof salary equivalent to the days for which the notice falls short of one month, at the discretion of the Management. But if the exigencies of the work so require, the Employer may refuse to relieve him earlier than the entire period of notice. The Employer also reserves the right to accept the resignation with immediate effect subject to payment in lieu thereof.

(v) No notice or wages in lieu of notice shall be necessary, if the services of an employee are dispensed with for misconduct.

(vi) Employees other than those who have service bonds to serve the Employer for a specified period, who wish to leave the Employer's service, will be required to give the Employer notice as per the terms of appointment.

13. Employee to give account of the Employer's property

(i) On termination/ resignation of his service, an employee shall give a proper account of all identity card, clothing, reports and records, papers, books, tools, instruments and other property of the Employer in his possession, custody or charge. The value of all shortages and / or damages to the Employer's tools, instruments, and other property in the employee's possession, custody or charge shall be recoverable from him and without prejudice to any other mode of recovery, may be recovered by adjustment against whatever dues are payable to him.

(ii) Employee will be required to compensate the Employer for all losses/ damages caused by him to the Employer's official premises and all movable property therein.

(iii) Failure to comply with all or any of the above provisions shall entitle the Employer to withhold the employee's dues to make appropriate deductions therefrom and to take such other action as may be deemed fit, which also includes the initiation of Legal Proceedings in the Court of Law.

Without prejudice to the general meaning of the terms of misconduct, the following acts and/or omissions, which are illustrative and not exhaustive, shall be treated as serious misconducts:

(ii) Showing discrimination on the basis of Religion, Caste, Creed, Region, sex, cadre, and favouritism.
(iii) Abetting or aiding Malpractice in Examinations
(iv) Leakage of questions of the examinations
(v) Showing partiality in awarding attendance marks in examination for consideration on caste, creed, religion, region, gender, political or monetary benefits etc. or other acts like tampering of records like attendance, marks, accounts, service records etc.
(vi) Leakage of results before its official declaration.
(vii) Going on or participating in an illegal strike or abetting in the same.
(viii) Willful slowing down in performance of work or abetment or instigation thereof or fasting with an explicit view to influencing the employer’s decisions.
(ix) Theft, fraud, breach of trust, or dishonesty by misappropriation of funds in connection with or damage to the Employer’s business or property of another employee/officer within the work premises.
(x) Non-observance of safety measures or failure to use safety appliances like helmets, seatbelts, etc., or interference with safety devices or fire fighting equipment or disobedience of a safety instruction by the superior.
(xi) Carrying Employer’s goods, files or office documents to the house/home or any other place outside the work premises without prior permission in writing of the employer.
(x) Unauthorized use of any of the Employer’s facility/equipment or any other thing for personal use.
(xi) Leaking any information relating to official matters to outsiders, as they are confidential.
(xii) Giving false information regarding one’s name, father’s name/husband’s name, date of birth, qualifications, details of previous service/salary particulars, address, etc., at the time of securing employment or thereafter.
(xiii) Habitual late attendance and/or absence without leave and/or late attendance on more than three occasions within a month or similar omissions of leaving the premises before time.
(xiv) Assaulting, abusing or intimidating any employee of the Employer either within the premises or at any other place.
(xv) Demanding, taking or giving bribes/gifts or any illegal gratification or indulging in any corrupt practice and/or lending or borrowing money to and from subordinate employees.
(xvi) Carrying on directly or indirectly or benami transactions in the office premises:
   a) Money lending business and/or
   b) Other private business without the written permission of the Management or having private financial dealings with persons or firms, etc., having business relations with the Employer for the sale and purchase of any materials, equipments or supply of labour, if any, or for any other purpose.
(xvii) Writing of anonymous or pseudonymous letters criticizing the Employer or any other member of the office staff and making false reports regarding misconduct of colleagues and superiors or defamatory remarks against the Employer/Management.
(xviii) Holding meetings within the work premises or any other premises owned by the Employer without the previous written permission of the Management.

(xix) Habitual neglect of work or negligence in work.

(xx) Refusal to work on a job or a mission, which does not call for any additional skill or experience and can be done by the employee/officer without adversely affecting his service conditions.

(xxi) Hiding away or attempt to hide away any articles, documents or materials of the Employer.

(xxii) Obtaining or attempting to obtain leave of absence on false pretension.

(xxiii) Attempting to obtain any benefit under false pretext or by making false statements.

(xxiv) Refusal to act in any position offered by the Management.

(xxv) Failure to report immediately to the next superior to the next superior of any defect in machinery / equipment or damage to property or any dangerous condition of injury to persons caused accidentally or otherwise in the course of performance or work by any employee/officer or by the employee /officer concerned.

(xxvi) Wilful disfigurement, destruction or alteration or forgery of any record/file of the Employer.

(xxvii) Bringing or possessing or using alcoholic drinks, charas, bhang, ganja, within the Employer’s premises or reporting for work while under the influence of alcoholic drinks, drugs or narcotics.

(xxviii) Refusal to accept a charge sheet, an order or any other communication from the Management either in person by post or through courier.

(xxix) Entering or remaining in the work premises after the permissible/authorised hours of duty.

(XXX) Assumption of authority in matters, which are the prerogative of the Employer.

(XXXI) Publication of any article relating to the work of the Employer without obtaining prior written permission of the Employer.

(XXXII) Refusal to act on the accepted terms and conditions of service.

(XXXIII) Handling or attempting to handle any machine, equipment, apparatus or vehicle not entrusted to the charge of the employee.

(XXXIV) Falsifying or refusing to give testimony when an accident, misconduct or other matters are being investigated.

(XXXV) Interfering in the work of other employees and or the Management.

(XXXVI) Habitual breach or gross and / or deliberate violation of the Service Rules and internal regulations.

(XXXVII) Doing private or personal work within the work premises without the previous permission of the Management.

(XXXVIII) Refusal to work on holidays or on off days when required to do so, refusal to work overtime, in the exigencies of Employer’s business/ work notwithstanding any statutory provisions.

(XXXVIII) Approaching higher authorities for personal promotion or favours or gains directly or though other people.

(XXXIX) Abuse of authority, threats, use of harassment or pressure to obtain illicit favours.

(XL) Refusing to undergo training as and when required by the Management.

(XLI) Photo or otherwise copying and taking the extracts of official documents with a view to keeping/storing them at home or to maintain files at home will be considered breach of trust.

(XLI) It is considered breach of trust if one employee comes to know about the breach of trust done by another staff member, and if this matter is not disclosed immediately to the Management.
(xliii) Any act which is prejudicial or detrimental to the interests of organization or the Management of the organization.

(xliv) Breach of confidentiality or a loss of confidence by any act against the interests of Management or organization.

(xlv) No actions linking Management with activities of other NGO, international organization or local authorities can be decided without the prior agreement.

(xlvi) Deliberate disturbance to the proper functioning of the association.

(xlvii) Making statements (in any manner whatsoever) to the press or other media without prior permission of the Management.

(xlviii) Fulfiling to task by other person than the one to whom it has been assigned. In case of absence the employee has no right to bring another person to replace him, except with the prior consent/permission of Management representative.

(xlix) Nobody can alter the contents of his job description without prior authorization.

(i) Any other act of commission or omission, which is against the interest of the Employer or subversive of discipline.

(ii) Any other act which constitutes an offence under any other law / act in force.

(iii) Striking work or adopting go-slow methods, either singly or along with others in contravention of these Service Rules or any statute, law, agreement, memorandum of settlement agreed from time to time and for the time being in force.

(iii) Inciting whilst on the premises of the Employer any employee or employees to strike work or adopt go-slow methods.

(iv) Collection or conversing or the collection of any money, whatsoever, for purpose not authorized in writing by the Employer within the premises of the Employer.

(iv) Drunkenness, fighting, riotous, indecent or disorderly behaviour or conduct likely to cause breach of peace or conduct endangering the life or safety of any other person.

(iv) Any act subversive of discipline and efficiency, and any act involving moral turpitude committed within the premises of the Employer, and outside if the same has bearing on the services of the employee.

(iv) Indiscipline or breach of any rules or instructions for the maintenance and or instructions for the running of any department or maintaining its cleanliness.

(iv) Distributing or exhibiting inside the premises of the Employer any newspaper, and bill(s), pamphlets or poster(s) without the previous written sanction of the Management.

(ix) Refusal to accept charge sheet, suspension order or any other lawful order given by the superior(s).

(ix) Refusal to give evidence in any enquiry against any other employe, charged with any misconduct.

(ix) Organising, attending or holding meetings within the boundaries of the premises or in any of the premises owned by the Employer or in front of the residential premises of the officers of the Employer and in its estate without previous written sanction of the Management.

(ix) Threatening or intimidating any employee within the premises of the Employer or outside concerning matters relating to the Employer.

(ix) Gambling or playing cards, etc., within the premises of the Employer.

(ix) Knitting, gossiping within the premises of the Employer.

(ix) The sale or canvassing for the scale of tickets of chances in any lotteries or raffles within the premises of the Employer.

(ix) The sale or canvassing for the scale of any commodity within the premises of the Employer.

(ix) The sale or canvassing for the sales of tickets, coupons or other tokens in connection with any scheme for the sale of any commodity or articles within
the premises of the Employer without previous written sanction of the employee.

(lxxviii) Sleeping or dozing whilst on duty.

(lxxix) Insubordination, malingering, deliberate delaying of work, adopting go slow or work to rule practices or refusing to carrying out the orders.

(lxx) Using abusive language or slogans against any superior officer or any officer of the Employer within the premises of the Employer.

(lxxi) Resorting to picketing, hunger strike against any officer whether within the premises of the Employer or outside it relating to in the matters concerning the Employer.

(lxxii) Absence from place of work without the permission of the departmental head.

(lxxiii) Acceptance of gift from any person connected with business of the Employer.

(lxxiv) Lending or borrowing money to or from subordinate employees.

(lxxv) Habitual indebtedness.

(lxxvi) Spreading false rumours or giving false information which tends to disrupt the Employer, or its employees (or spreading among the employees)

(lxxvii) Speculation in any investment or commodity within the premises of the Employer.

(lxxviii) Writing of anonymous or pseudonymous letters criticizing employees/ Employer.

(lxxix) Theft of property belonging to other employees inside the premises of the Employer.

(1xxx) Submission or representation to any authority or public-men except through proper channel.

(lxxxi) Misbehavior during the pendency of disciplinary action instituted against him.

(lxxxii) Interference, tampering with records, attendance register, etc., either pertaining to himself/herself or to any other employee.

(lxxxiii) Unauthorized removal or defacement of notices of the Employer at the notice board.

(lxxxiv) Wilful non-cooperation with fellow employee for proper discharge of duty at any time.

(lxxxv) Giving interview to press, ratio, television without the permission of the Management.

(lxxxvi) Participation in public discussions, debates, and deliver speech in public pertaining to the affairs or business of the establishment without permission from the competent authority of the Employer.

(lxxxvii) Reading Magazine, novels and other non-professional literature/material during working hours.

(lxxxviii) Loitering, idling or wasting time during working hours staying within the premises of the Employer after authorized hours of work without permission.

(lxxxix) Expectorating or otherwise committing nuisance on the premises of the Employer.

(xc) Not wearing the complete uniform provided by the Management, if any, during working hours or wearing the uniform improperly while on duty.

(xci) Any attempt or threat to assault or attempt to murder/attack or assault or beating or murder of any employees/offices/manager of the Employer or any other person/ persons who has/had any connection with the organization within or outside the premises of the Employer.

(xcii) Not disclosing/intimating to the Employer any infectious or sexual/skin/any other disease/contagious disease from which the employee is suffering.

(xciii) Habitual production of the Medical Certificate for availing of leave.

(xciv) Having immoral relationship with employee of either sex within the premises of the Employer.
15. Punishment for misconduct

If the Employer is convinced that an employee is guilty of committing any misconduct/s, the following punishments may be imposed upon him/her:-

(i) Suspension without pay for a period not exceeding one month.
(ii) Demotion.
(iii) Reduction in salary
(iv) Discharge
(v) Dismissal

16. Procedure for disciplinary action

The warning should be written and signed by both the organization and the Employee. A copy of it will go to the employee's file. Three valid warning letters automatically lead to immediate dismissal.

(i) Where disciplinary proceedings against an employee are proposed to be contemplated by the Employer or are pending or where criminal proceedings against the employee in respect of any offence are under investigation or trial and the Employer is satisfied that it is necessary or desirable to place the employee under suspension, it may, by an order in writing, suspend him with effect from such date as may be specified in the order. An employee placed under suspension will be paid 50% of his wages/salary provided he will give a declaration by the end of the month that he remained unemployed during such period. The Management can ask the suspended employee to come for marking his attendance at any time during working hours. The Suspension allowance during the pendency of enquiry can be reduced or revoked if the employee either fails to participate in the enquiry or does not cooperate in the continuation of enquiry.

(ii) An order of punishment including dismissal against an employee will be made only after the employee concerned is informed in writing by a charge-sheet of the alleged misconduct and is given an opportunity to give his explanations regarding the alleged misconduct except when the misconduct is admitted in writing by the delinquent employee.

(iii) During a domestic enquiry, the delinquent employee may be allowed to have the assistance of a co-employee working in the establishment, if he so desires in writing. However, no outsider will be allowed to assist the delinquent employee/office in the domestic enquiry. The delinquent employee will be given the complaints/documents. Both parties should give their list of witnesses.

(iv) The charge-sheeted employee will be issued with a charge sheet clearly informing him of misconduct alleged him. An explanation will be called for in writing against the charges of misconduct levelled against him. In the enquiry, the witness in support of the charges of misconduct will be examined by the presenting officer/the Management representative in the first instance. The
employee concerned will be given a fair opportunity to cross-examine each of the witnesses on completion of their evidence. The Charge-sheeted employee should be allowed to examine his witnesses, including himself. The presenting officer / Management representative may cross-examine the delinquent employee and each of his witnesses.

(v) Both the charge-sheeted employee and the Management representative may submit their arguments either orally or in writing before a definite date, on completion of the evidence on both sides. The enquiry officer, on the basis of the documents and evidence on records, should submit a report recording his findings and reasons thereof to the Management.

(vi) The Management on receiving the report and findings of the enquiry officer, will ask for the employee’s representation, if any, against the proceedings and findings of the enquiry officer. Unless demanded by the employee, it will not be obligatory on the part of the Management to furnish the enquiry report to the employee.

(vii) After receiving the representation, if any, of the delinquent employee with regard to the domestic enquiry, the Management on the basis of the entire proceedings, documents, evidence and report of the enquiry officer and also taking into consideration the representation, will appreciate the entire evidence on record and come to its own conclusions as to whether the charges of misconduct alleged against the delinquent employee have been established.

(viii) If the employee refuses to accept the charge-sheet in the presence of another employee, it shall be kept in the individual staff file and shall be deemed to have been served on him and a copy of the charge-sheet will also be sent by registered post or courier to his last recorded address. If refused, it will be deemed to have been served upon the employee.

(ix) An employee who is placed under suspension under clause 16(i) shall during the period of such suspension be paid subsistence allowance at the rate of 50% of the salary which the employee was entitled to immediately preceding the date of such suspension during the pendency of domestic enquiry, or, if an enquiry is being conducted by an outside agency or where some criminal proceedings are pending against him.

(x) The employee under suspension shall report at the Employer’s office/premises at the time specified in the letter of suspension to be entitled to subsistence allowance, and if he does not do so, he shall not be entitled to subsistence allowance for the days he does not report at the Employer’s office. The employee under suspension cannot go out of town without the prior written permission of the Employer/Management. He also cannot enter the Employer’s premises without his written consent.

(xi) If on the conclusion of the enquiry or of the criminal proceedings, the employee has been found guilty of any of the charges framed against him and it is considered that an order of dismissal or discharge or suspension or fine or stoppage of annual increment or reduction in rank would meet the ends of justice, the Employer shall pass an order accordingly. A copy of the enquiry report will
also be supplied to the concerned employee against whom the punishment is inflicted:

Provided that when an employee has been found guilty of the charges alleged against him, he shall, irrespective of the nature of punishment, be deemed to have been absent from duty during the period of suspension and shall not be entitled to any remuneration for such period. The subsistence allowance already paid to him shall, however, not be recovered.

(xii) If an employee is found guilty under but it is considered that the period of suspension upto the conclusion of the enquiry was sufficient punishment, order will be passed to reinstate the employee and to treat the period of suspension as punishment without any future payment for the period except for the suspension allowance admissible.

(xiii) If on the conclusion of the enquiry or of the criminal proceedings the employee has been found to be not guilty of any of the charges framed against him, he shall be entitled to the same wages/salary as he would have received if he had not been placed under suspension after deducting the subsistence allowance paid to him for such period.

(xiv) The payment of subsistence allowance under this rule shall be subject to the employee concerned not taking up any employment during the period of suspension, and for which the Management will be at liberty to take disciplinary action.

(xv) In awarding punishment under these rules, the Management shall take into consideration the gravity of the misconduct, the previous record, if any, of the employee and any other extenuating or aggravating circumstances that may exist.

(xvi) Where an employee has been convicted for a criminal offence involving moral turpitude in a Court of Law, the employee can be removed or dismissed from service without following the procedure afore-mentioned.

(xvii) A copy of the orders passed by the Management shall be supplied to the employee concerned.

(xviii) The enquiring officers or members of the enquiry committee shall be in a higher grade than the erring employee.

17. Service Notice from the Employer and communication procedure thereof.

(i) Any order, notice, charge-sheet or letter issued by the Employer shall be served on the employee in the following manner:-

(a) by delivering it to the employee by hand. If the employee does not accept such notice, charge-sheet or letter, then one witness must duly attest the fact of refusal, and file the same in the respective individual’s personal file.

(b) by sending it by registered post at the last address of the employee as per records of the Employer. If refused, it will be deemed to have been served upon the employee.
(ii) Any notice or communication or intimation to be given to an employee by the Employer shall be served personally or by post at the last address available in records of the Employer. If an employee refuses to receive such notice or communication or intimation, or if such notice, communication or intimation sent to the employee concerned by post is returned un-served for any reason, the same may be filed in the respective individual’s personal file maintained by the Employer, in which case it shall be deemed to have been duly served on the employee/officer concerned.

18. Complaint and grievance procedure

(i) All grievances/complaints about salary, payment, overtime, leave, Transfer, promotion, demotion, seniority, work assignment and reasonable orders, working conditions and interpretation of service agreement, etc., shall be made by the employee to the Employer, through proper channel consisting of the HOD/Section. It will be the duty of concerned authority to enquire or pass on the complain grievance to his Higher authority for disposal as per norms.

(ii) All such complaints/grievances will be settled/responded to as soon as possible, but in any case not later than 20 days from the date the grievance is reported.

(iii) If a grievance arises out of an order given by an employee, the Said order shall be complied with before the employee concerned Invokes the procedure laid down for redressal of grievance. If, however, there is a time lag between the issue of order and its compliance, the grievance procedure may immediately be invoked, but the order nevertheless must be complied within the due date.

(iv) If it is necessary for any employee to leave the office during working hours on call from the line manager, necessary permission of his superior shall be obtained.

(v) If, however, there is any complaint against any individual member of the staff who is at the same level as the employee designated to handle the grievance, the employee may take up his grievance with the staff member at the next higher level, i.e., line manager.

(vi) In case of any grievance arising out of charge sheet, suspension order, discharge or dismissal of an employee, the above mentioned Procedure shall not apply. Instead, the discharged or dismissed Employee shall have the right to appeal to the Management requesting for review or revision of the order within a week from the date of dismissal or discharge.

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19. Resignation

Any employee who wishes to resign from service of the Employer shall give the Employer notice for the period as mentioned/specified in the letter of contract, and shall duly serve the Employer during the said period. The Employer may, at his sole discretion, accept the employee's resignation with immediate effect and waive the notice period and may give notice pay in lieu of the same.

20. Secrecy

No employee shall take any papers, books, drawings, files, photographs, instruments, apparatus, documents or any other property of the office out of the work premises except with the written permission of the Management, nor shall he in any way pass or cause to be passed, disclose or cause to be disclosed any information or matter concerning the work nor any other confidential documents of the office to any unauthorized person or outsider or to an employee under suspension without the written permission of the Management.

An employee shall not at any time, work against the interest of the office at which he is employed and shall not take any employment or assignment or business in addition to his job in the establishment, in case the employee is on full time contract.

21. Miscellaneous

(i) An employee shall carry out in addition to normal duties any reasonable additional duties entrusted by HODs and the Principal as per AICTE norms.

(ii) All employees/officers shall be bound to observe all safety rules notified from time to time and to use safety equipment as and when necessary. Breach of this order shall make him/them liable for misconduct in as much as they shall be liable to punishment as per these rules.

(iii) Non-enforcement of a rule shall not prejudice the right of the Employer to enforce the same at any later date.

(iv) All matters not specifically covered by these rules and regulations shall be dealt with in accordance with the relevant provisions of the law and / or usage governing such matters.

(v) The Employer reserves the right to amend or alter these rules and regulations at any time and in any manner it deems fit.

(vi) Interpretation of the foregoing rules and regulations as given by the Employer shall be final and shall be binding on all persons interested therein.

22. General conditions and benefits

(i) The Employer is obliged to provide each employee with a copy of these Service Rules.

(ii) The appointment of an employee will be stated in a letter of contract, it will be formalized by the signature of both the employer and the employee and becomes valid only after both have also signed the letter of contract, job description and service rules.
(iii) These service rules supersede all agreements, conditions of employment for personnel of Employer, orally or in written form, between employer and employee.
(iv) The employee is obliged to inform the employer of all revenues, gifts, presents, etc., which he receives as a result of his activities on behalf of the Employer.
(v) Any change in salary will be communicated in writing to the employee.
(vi) Employee will be governed by the other rules as per PF act, payment of gratuity act as applicable to Educational Institution.
(vii) The Employer may apply to the Reserve Bank of India for the reduction of the number of employees or for closing the establishment for economic (lack of institutional donor for the project) or technological reasons.
(viii) The Employer may provide for group Insurance group gratuity, group pensions, incentive etc depending on the resources.
(ix) Incentives, PF, Group Insurance, gratuity, pension and other such benefits will be announced by the management in due course.
(x) Career Advancement: An employee will be allowed to improve qualifications, to attend conferences, workshops courses etc to have advancement in career in a phased manner without affecting the work and on recommendations of the concerned Heads of the departments and the Principal.

23. Conclusion

23.1 Modification

The Employer has the right to change and to update the present regulations at any stage and to give notice to the staff in writing.

23.2 Enforcement of the Law

The Labour Laws controls the relationship between the staff and the Employer.

23.3 Enforcement

This present administrative document of regulations will take effect as on the 1st August, 2001 and it will replace any previous versions of the administrative regulation. It has been written in English for the staff. The English version will prevail in case of any lawsuit, as English is our common working language.

23.4 Dress code or Uniform

The Management can prescribe any reasonable Dress Code or Uniform for the employees as they deem fit.

24 Certificate on cessation of service

Every employee shall be entitled to a service certificate after cessation of his employment.
25. Fitness for work

The Management reserves the right to test any workman by sending him/her to the medical officer for his/her fitness to hold a post at any time with or without notice. However, no decision to discharge, transfer or demote him/her will be taken on the recommendations of the medical officer alone. For that purpose the employee will be subjected to further medical examination before an independent Medical Board whose recommendations will be considered in such a case. The expenditure on this medical examination will be borne by the Management under Periodical Medical Check-up.

(i) All employees are subjected to periodical medical check-up
(ii) An employee shall submit himself/herself the course of employment. If he/she is found suffering from any communicable disease or if he/she is found medically or mentally unfit for the job, it will be open to the Management to send the workmen on leave for medical treatment at its own cost.

26. Retirement

26.1 An employee will retire on attaining the age of 60 years, for Teaching staff and 58 years for Non-Teaching staff. However, on account of physical or mental infirmity, inefficiency or incapability to work or if he outlived his utility to discharge his contract of service by invoking provisions of clause (0) of sub-section (00) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. The decision of the Management in this regard will be final and binding. After superannuation the employer may continue the service of the employee on contract for any specified period as deemed by the employer at the discretion of the employer.

26.2 Teaching staff above 60 years of age and non-teaching staff above 58 years of age will be on consolidated salary and not in scale.